

Diabetes Health Care Plan for Insulin Administration via Syringe or Pen Student School: Photo Start Date: _____ End Date: ____ Grade/ Homeroom ____ Teacher___ Name Transportation: \Box Bus \Box Car \Box Van \Box Type 1 \Box Type 2 Parent/ Guardian Contact: Call in order of preference Telephone Number Relationship Prescriber Name Phone Fax Student permitted to carry meter Yes No Blood Glucose Monitoring: Meter Location _____ Testing Time □ Before Breakfast/Lunch □ 1-2 hours after lunch □ Before/after snack □ Before/after exercise □ Before recess ☐ Before bus ride ☐ Always check when student is feeling high, low and during illness ☐ Other Snacks ☐ Please allow a _____gram snack at_____ ☐ before/after exercise Snacks are provided by parent /guardian and are located in ____ Treatment for Hypoglycemia/Low Blood Sugar Signs of Low Blood Sugar personality change, feels If student is showing signs of low blood sugar or if blood sugar is below _____mg/dl funny, irritability, inattentiveness, tingling ☐ Treat with 10-15 grams of quick-acting glucose: sensations headache, ☐ 4oz juice or ☐ _____ glucose tablets or ☐ Glucose Gel or ☐ Other _____ hunger, clammy skin, dizziness, drowsiness, ☐ Retest blood sugar every 15 minutes, repeat treatment until blood sugar level is above target mg/dl slurred speech, seeing double ☐ If no meal or snack within the hour give a 15 gram snack pale face, shallow fast breathing, fainting \square If student unconscious or having a seizure: Give Glucagon \square Yes \square No ☐ Amount of Glucagon to be administered: _____mg(s) IM, SC, and call 911 and parents □ Notify parent/guardian for blood sugar below _____mg/dl Treatment for Hyperglycemia /High Blood Sugar If student showing signs of high blood sugar or if blood sugar is above _____mg/dl ☐ Allow free access to water and bathroom ☐ Check ketones for blood sugar over _____ mg/dl ☐ Notify parent/guardian if ketones are **moderate to large** □ Notify parent/guardian for blood sugar over ____mg/dl ☐ See insulin correction scale (next page) ☐ Call 911 and parent/guardian for hyperglycemia emergency. Symptoms may include nausea &vomiting, heavy breathing, severe abdominal pain, chest pain, increased sleepiness or lethargy, or loss of consciousness.

Document all blood sugars and treatment

Name:				
	Insulin			
Insulin is administered via: □Vial/Syringe □Insulin Pen				
Can student draw up correct dose, determine correct amount and give own injections?				
□Yes □No □Needs supervision (describe)				
Insulin Administration:			ot taking insulin at school	
Insulin Type:	Student permitted to carry	insulin & supplies: □	Yes □No	
☐ Flexible Insulin Dose mealtime dose):				
Insulin to Carbohydrate Ratio#grams				
Give units per Give units per Give units per Give units per	grams grams			
ADD: Insulin to carbohydrate ratio dose and Correction/Adjustment scale dose				
Correction/Adjustment Scale unit/s per overmg/dl				
If blood glucose is tomg/dl Give units If blood glucose is tomg/dl Give units If blood glucose is tomg/dl Give units If blood glucose is tomg/dl Give units				
□Other:				
Give mealtime dose:				
	Student self-care task	Independent	School Assistance	
	Blood Glucose Monitoring			
	Carbohydrate Counting Selection of snacks and meals			
	Insulin Dose calculation			
	Insulin injection Administration			
	Treatment for mild hypoglycemia			
	Test Urine/Blood for Ketones			
Authorization for the Release of Information:				
I hereby give permission for (school) to exchange specific, co (Diabetes healthcare provider) on my child			confidential medical information with, to develop more effective wa	ıys
of providing for the	healthcare needs of my child at school	-	•	-
Prescriber SignatureD		Date	Reviewed by Dr. Carly \	Wilbur
Parent SignatureDa		Date		
			University Hospitals	